

T7-SCR Power Regulator Use Manual

TAISEE

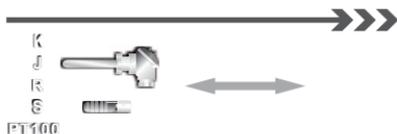
PID temperature control function



AC24V~660V Class



INPUT:(0~20mA)(4~20mA)(0~5V)(1~5V)
(0~10V)(2~10V)(KEY (VR)(Rs485)



Universal output mode change
Zero phase. Current limiting.
Zthe limit voltage constant curren
constant voltage.



Control Panel

1Ø 28A~2,000A

3Ø 28A~2,000A

Directory - index

 Four key for 4 seconds all command parameter recovery factory value

Note the installation (please read)....A1

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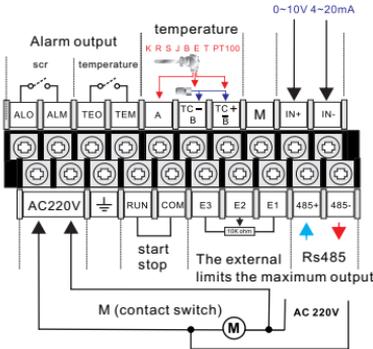
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Installation notes

Control terminal function description

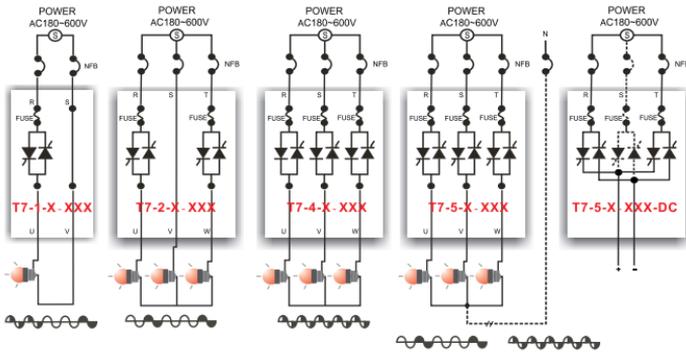


AC180-480V

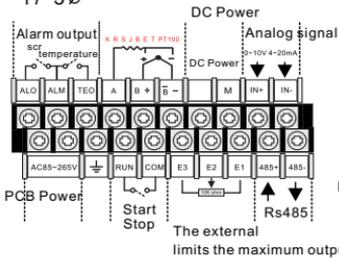


The main power supply circuit with a switch must be synchronous control of PCB power supply.

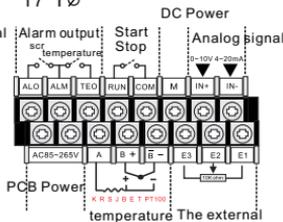
The models of equivalent circuit



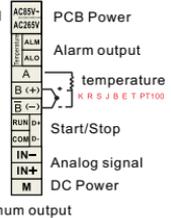
T7 3Ø



T7 1Ø



ST7

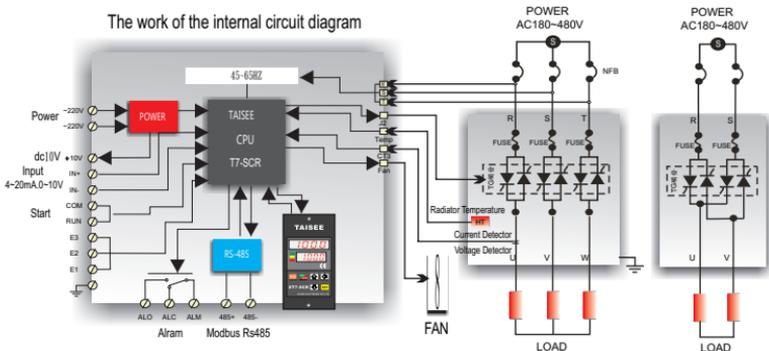


Chapter 1: Introduction

First of all thank you for using TAISEE power regulator ST6-SCR/T6-SCR series and the latest high-quality components made of micro-computer control technology

This manual provides users with installation. Parameter setting. Unusual diagnosis.

Excluded and routine maintenance. In order to really be able to properly install and operate the controller. Please installed before. Carefully read this instruction manual And proper preservation. To the end-use equipment manufacturers



Anomaly detection

A variety of anomaly detection: an exception occurs immediately alarm And stop the output of

First (cycle power regulator. Phase shift) from software change

Output mode: (cycle) (phase-shift) (phase-shift operation to start cycle) (cycle start phase-shift operation) function

Input mode: change the settings from the software

Input mode: / KEY/Dip/0 ~ 20mA / 4 ~ 20mA / 0 ~ 5V / 1 ~ 5V / 0 ~ 10V / / 2 ~ 10V/RS485 / by a software change

Fan protection Function

Now the temperature display SCR / SCR temperatures above 45 C when the cooling fan starts automatically. Less than 42 C the fan stops

Precision SMD Original

SMD Chip Original, PC board circuit is more simple and more durable / 12bit digital control / EEPROM memory test process. To achieve high quality. Precision requirements

The main supply voltage range

Main supply voltage range AC180V ~ AC480V / Built-in phase order tracking

Modbus Rs485 Communication

Send SCR working condition. Data processing analysis

The 3 chapter installation environment

Storage Precautions

of the company's warranty and future maintenance. Save important to note

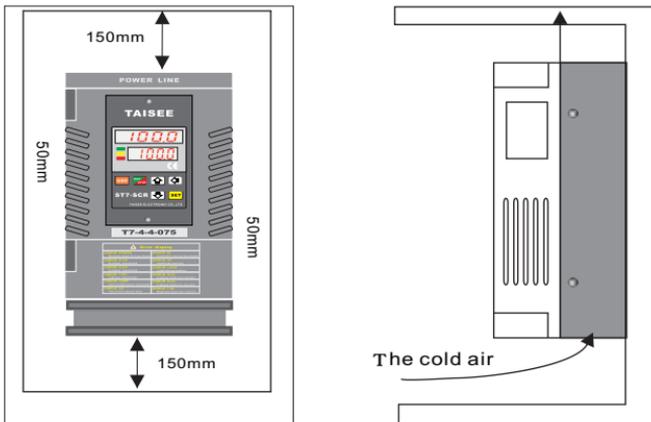
The following matters:

- ★ Must be placed no dust. Dry. The best properly packaged and stored in racks
- ★ Storage location of the ambient temperature must be $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 65^{\circ}\text{C}$ range
Humidity 0% ~ 95% within the
- ★ Avoid stored in containing corrosive gases. Liquids of the surrounding environment
- ★ Stored in a long time when used. Must carefully check the controller is intact

Installation Notes

Power regulator for high fever original power regulator must be mounted vertically

The use of ambient temperature $-10^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$. If the ambient temperature exceeds 40°C or more cooling devices must be installed



Installation Environment

- ▲ No water droplets. Steam. Dust. And oily dust of the place
- ▲ No corrosion. Flammable gas. Liquids
- ▲ No floating particles of dust and metal
- ▲ Strong no vibration-free workplace
- ▲ No electromagnetic noise interference of the premises

The 4 chapter specifications

Before installation, make sure: the load capacity is in the context of SCR

Calculation: (Single phase): $\text{load (KW)} / \text{Voltage (V)} = \text{Amps (A)} * (1.15) = \text{should use SCR Amps (A)}$

(Three-phase): $[\text{load (KW)} / \text{Voltage (V)}] / \sqrt{3} = \text{ampere (A)} * (1.15) = \text{should use SCR Amps (A)}$

Model Option: Three-phase 100A Current Limit: Corresponding Model: T6-5-4-100-CT

Single-phase 75A (Phase): Corresponding Model: T6-1-4-075P

Type	Mode	Main power	Output current	Output control mode	Temperature	Communication
T7 Standard	1 1 phase Phase / zero can be changed	0 AC12-80V	028 28A 150 150A	Z Zero-cycle control	T Temperature	R Yes
ST7 Compact		1 AC85-160V	030 30A 175 175A	P Phase shift control	TP Program temperature	N No
WT7 Water cooled	2 Control two-phase Cycle had zero power adjustment	4 AC180-440V	040 40A 200 200A	CT Current limit	N No	
		6 AC460-600V	050 50A 225 225A	C Constant current		
	4 3-phase half wave control Phase / zero can be changed		060 60A 250 250A	VT Voltage limit		
			075 75A 300 300A	V Constant voltage		
			080 80A 400 400A	AT 3 ϕ Current control		
			100 100A 500 500A	CV Voltage and current control		
			125 125A 800 800A	DC DC Output Control		
			1200 1200A Water cooled	KW limit KW		
				KWT Constant KW		
	5 Phase / zero can be changed 3-phase full-controlled load center can be accessed 0V line			CYC Change the cycle of output OUT 30% <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF		

The purchase of goods

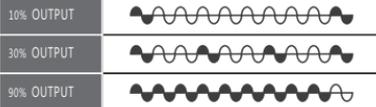


Set the device to extend the line

Mode	T7K-2	T7K-4
Length	2M	4M

Output waveform

Zero: For purely resistive wire load (cycle power regulator)

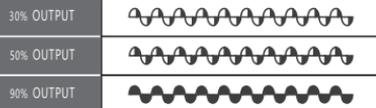


Output state Full-wave as a unit. No half-wave component. Does not produce ramp-wave interference. Output ammeter are chattering

Load Fixed resistance wire heating wire (not for use in lighting control. Inductive load)

For Occasions Air-conditioning thermostat. Heat treatment furnace. Baking furnace. Extruder Machine

Phase-shifted output: lamp. Transformers. Silicon carbide load



Output state Linear excellent output stability. Ammeter does not shake. Output accuracy of 0.1%, non-interference ramp

Load Resistance heating wire. Change type load lighting controls, inductive load, a drastic change Infra-red lamp. Silicon carbide

For Occasions May limit the maximum output current. Caused by changes in voltage or load current is increased Auto-off within the limits of a small output

The 4 chapter outline dimensions and mounting dimensions

Compact (1-phase 28A~70A / 3-phase 28A~40A) ST7 series



Specifications		Appearance size	Installation size
1 \emptyset	ST7-1-4-028	L=180 W=110 D=110	L=95 W=105
	ST7-1-4-030	L=180 W=110 D=110	L=95 W=105
	ST7-1-4-040	L=180 W=110 D=110	L=95 W=105
	ST7-1-4-050	L=180 W=110 D=110	L=95 W=105
	ST7-1-4-070	L=180 W=110 D=110	L=95 W=105
3 \emptyset	ST7-4-4-030	L=180 W=110 D=120	L=95 W=105
	ST7-4-4-040	L=180 W=110 D=150	L=95 W=105

The general 1 phase 50A~175A) T7 series



Specifications		Appearance size	Installation size
1 \emptyset	T7-1-4-050	L=210 W=110 D=183	L=170 W=105
	T7-1-4-070	L=210 W=110 D=183	L=170 W=105
	T7-1-4-075	L=210 W=110 D=183	L=170 W=105
	T7-1-4-080	L=210 W=110 D=183	L=170 W=105
	T7-1-4-100	L=240 W=110 D=183	L=170 W=105
	T7-1-4-125	L=240 W=110 D=183	L=170 W=105
	T7-1-4-150	L=240 W=110 D=183	L=170 W=105
	T7-1-4-175	L=240 W=110 D=183	L=170 W=105

General (1-phase 225A~300A / 3-phase 50A~175A) T7 series

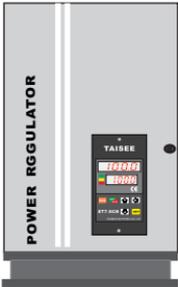


Specifications		Appearance size	Installation size
1 \emptyset	T7-1-4-225	L=250 W=145 D=205	L=170 W=135
	T7-1-4-250	L=300 W=145 D=205	L=170 W=135
	T7-1-4-300	L=300 W=145 D=205	L=170 W=135
3 \emptyset	T7-4-4-050	L=250 W=145 D=205	L=170 W=135
	T7-4-4-070	L=250 W=145 D=205	L=170 W=135
	T7-4-4-075	L=250 W=145 D=205	L=170 W=135
	T7-4-4-080	L=250 W=145 D=205	L=170 W=135
	T7-4-4-100	L=250 W=145 D=205	L=170 W=135
	T7-4-4-125	L=300 W=145 D=205	L=170 W=135
	T7-4-4-150	L=300 W=145 D=205	L=170 W=135
	T7-4-4-175	L=335 W=170 D=230	L=170 W=160

General (1-phase 400A~500A / 3-phase 200A~300A) T7 series

	Specifications		Appearance size	Installation size
	1 Ø	T7-1-4-400	L=335 W=275 D=235	L=275 W=255
	T7-1-4-500	L=335 W=275 D=235	L=275 W=255	
3 Ø	T7-4-4-200	L=335 W=170 D=235	L=275 W=160	
	T7-4-4-225	L=335 W=170 D=235	L=275 W=160	
	T7-4-4-250	L=335 W=275 D=235	L=275 W=255	
	T7-4-4-300	L=335 W=275 D=235	L=275 W=255	

General (1-phase 600A~1200A / 3-phase 400A~800A) T7 series

	Specifications		Appearance size	Installation size
	1 Ø	T7-1-4-800	L=390 W=275 D=255	L=275 W=255
3 Ø	T7-4-4-400	L=390 W=275 D=255	L=275 W=255	
	T7-4-4-500	L=390 W=275 D=255	L=275 W=255	
	T7-4-4-800	L=700 W=275 D=255	L=325 W=255	

* special specifications: voltage / current order mode of production

Chapter 5: User Guide

Quick Installation Guide will help Thailand silicon power regulators (SCR) to the most basic way to achieve optimal control wiring

(1) Installation of power regulators:

Please do read the manual in detail. If in doubt please contact the professional and technical personnel (failure to comply may result in damage to personnel or equipment)

- Before installation to confirm the selection (Electricity Regulator) Rated full load current is greater than the load current

Calculation:

(Single phase): $\text{load (KW)} / \text{Voltage (V)} = \text{Amps (A)} * (1.15) = \text{should use SCR Amps (A)}$

(Three-phase): $[\text{load (KW)} / \text{Voltage (V)}] / \sqrt{3} = \text{ampere (A)} * (1.15) = \text{should use SCR Amps (A)}$

Wiring:

- Remove (power regulator) up cover: The AC power connected to the terminals on the R.S & T
- Remove (Electricity Regulator) down cover: the load connected to the U.V&W

(2) power transmission

- AC input wiring before you do check whether the scope of the requirements go along with technical manuals
- After the input alternating current. Seven-segment display first full-bright "display TISEE SCR-> INPUT 4 ~ 20mA-> OUTPUT PHASE-> display analog input%. Output%

(3) Display Interface:

Input Display

Display input value; keyboard input, or RS485 communication control
I mode: (shown input 0 ~ 100%):

0~20mA 4~20mA input mode: (Display Input Current 0.0 ~ 20.0mA)

1~5V 0~10V input mode: (shown input voltage 0.0 ~ 10.0V)

Constant current models: (Display settings current value 1 ~ 800A)

Constant voltage models: (Display Settings voltage value 1 ~ 600V)



Output Display

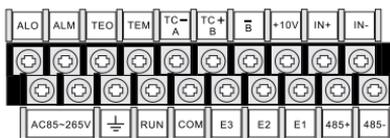
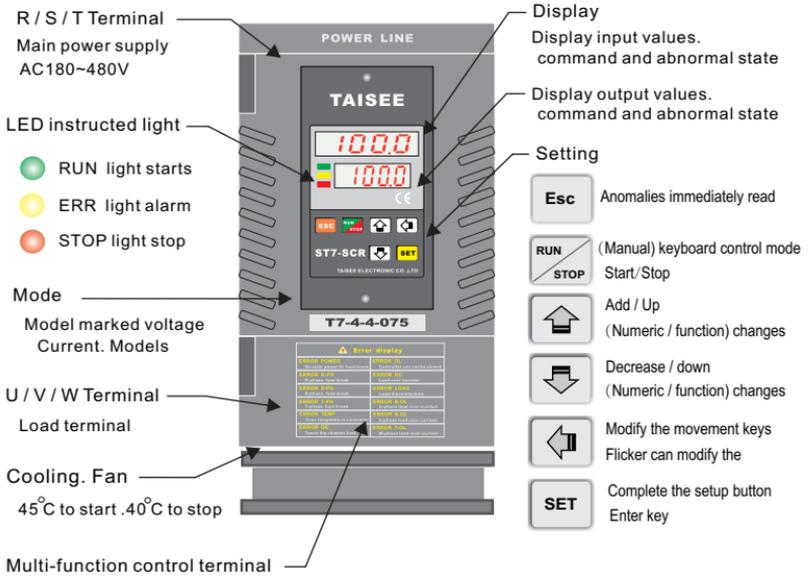
Zero.-Phase models (show output of 0.0 ~ 100%)

Current Limit. Constant current models (show output current value of 0.0 ~ 800.0A)

Fixed voltage models (show the output voltage of 0.0 ~ 600.0V)

Chapter 6: Controller Function Description

Power regulator configuration instructions



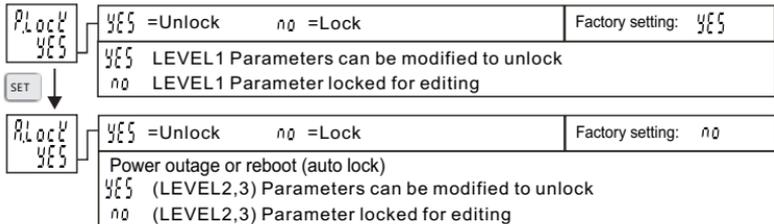
PC board terminal voltage ~ 220V
Start / stop contacts COM RUN
Analog input contact IN + IN-
External maximum output limit E3 E2 E1
Abnormal alarm output contact ALM ALC ALO
Modbus RS485 communications contact D + D -

Command parameter lock function



step 1.

- Modify (Level 2 3) restricted reference materials values.
must enter (Level 3) modify the following parameters

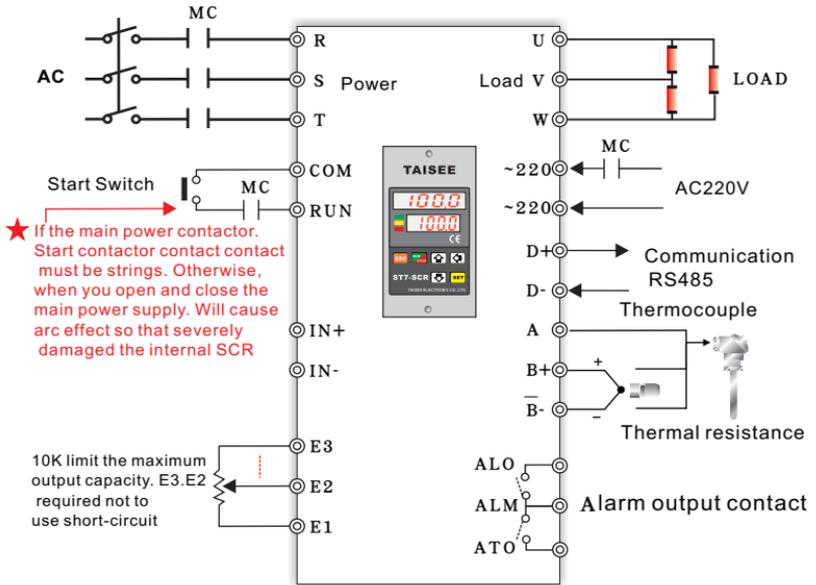


- A.LOCK. Unlock mode can modify the parameters of LEVEL2.3 (when the SCR reboot A. LOCK will automatically return to lock mode)To change repeat step 1.

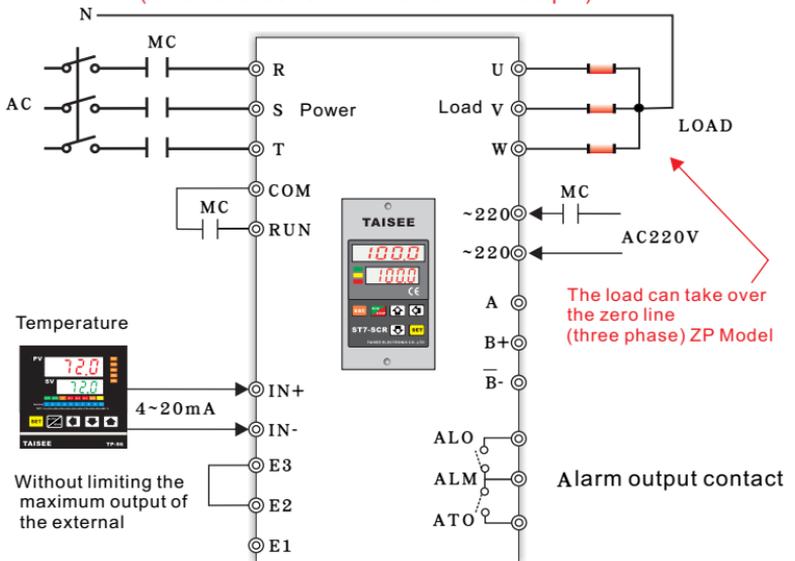
Symbol	Terminal Function Description	
R	Main circuit terminal	
S	The main power output: range AC180V ~ 480V 1 Ø Type: R / S 3 Ø Type: R / S / T	
T		
U	Main circuit terminal	
V	Power regulator output: Next load	
W	1 Ø Type: U / V 3 Ø Type: U / V / W	
AC1	Auxiliary Power	
AC2	Control Power Input: T6 Type AC220V ±10% T7 Type AC85V~265V	
COM	Start contact: COM / RUN short-circuit. Start state RUN lights COM / RUN open. To stop the state STOP lights	
RUN		
+10V	DC10V voltage output	
IN+	Analog Signal Input: Input% corresponds to the output%	
IN-	Mode: 0~20mA/4~20mA/DC0~5V/DC1~5V/DC0~10V/DC2~10V Input mode selection: from the software configuration changes	
E3	<p>External potentiometer regulator limits the maximum output power%</p> <p>Right example: maximum output is limited to 80% of the corresponding input and output curve</p> <p>----- Input curve ——— Output curve</p>	
E2		
E1		
A	Thermal resistance	
B TC+		Thermocouple
B TC-		
D+	Modbus Rs485	
D-	Can be a maximum of 32 concurrent connections 1200M	

7-1 The 7 chapter circuit wiring

Temperature control mode (control panel to directly control the temperature)

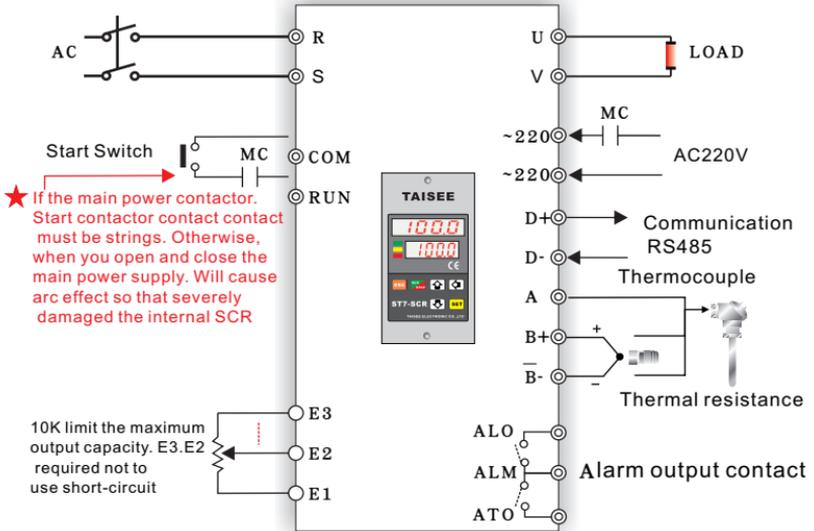


Thermostat 4~20mA current signal control (external does not limit the maximum output)

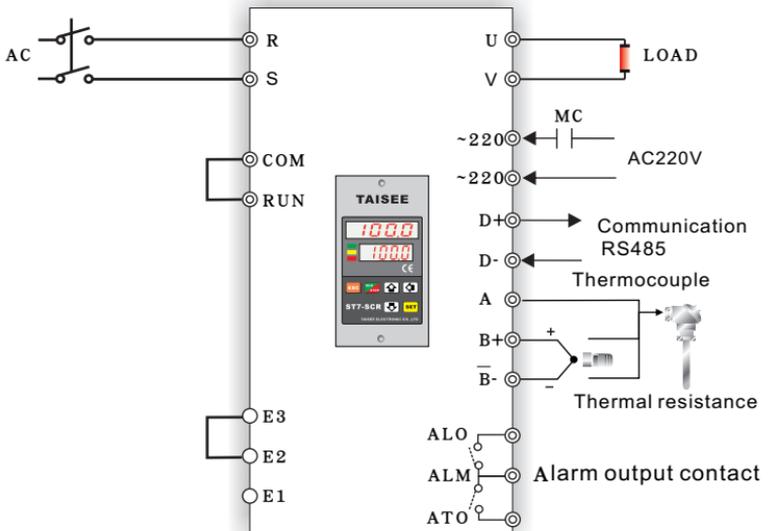


7-3

1-phase. Loop wiring (1)

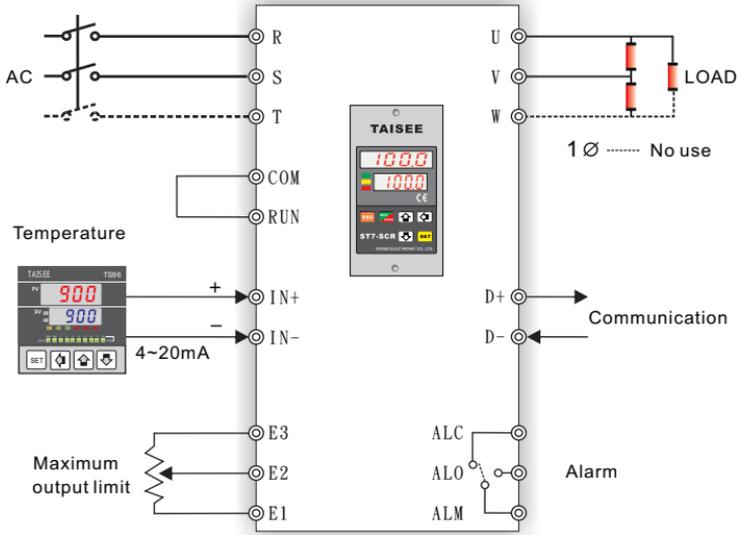


1-phase. Loop wiring (2)

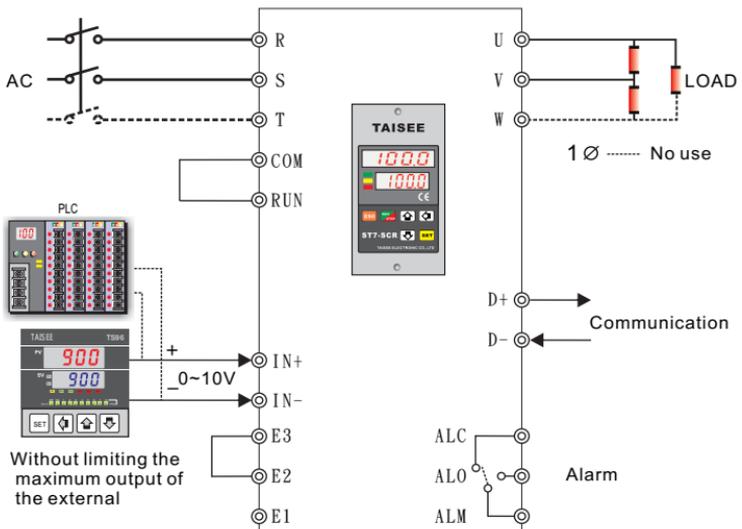


7-2

Temperature 4 ~ 20mA current signal - "control the proportion of output (external VR limit the maximum output volume)

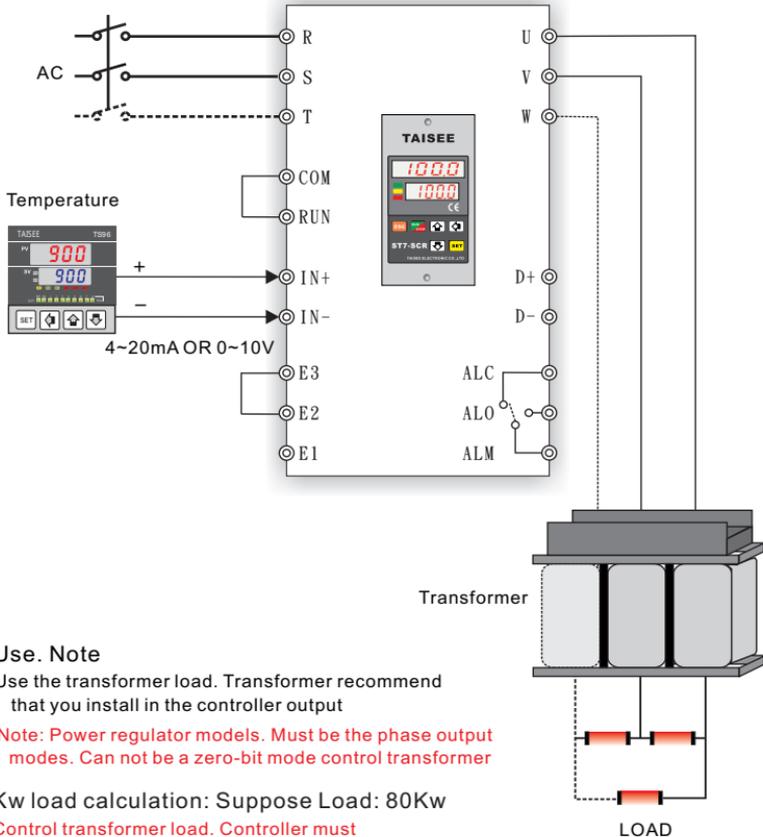


External 0 ~ 10V voltage signal - "control the proportion of output (external Without limiting the maximum output volume)



7-4

Reactance. Transformer load wiring and control



Use. Note

Use the transformer load. Transformer recommend that you install in the controller output

Note: Power regulator models. Must be the phase output modes. Can not be a zero-bit mode control transformer

Kw load calculation: Suppose Load: 80Kw

Control transformer load. Controller must increase 1.3 times higher than

Example 1: transformer step-down mode (220V load voltage)

Transformer. input = 380V output = 220V

Multiples of the value of transformer $T = (220/380)$

Should use the following formula for calculating controller amps example:

$$1 \varnothing = (80,000/220) * T = 210A$$

$$(Load/Voltage) * Multiples = Current$$

Selected controller amps $(210 * 1.3) = 273A$ corresponds to Model T6-1-4-300P

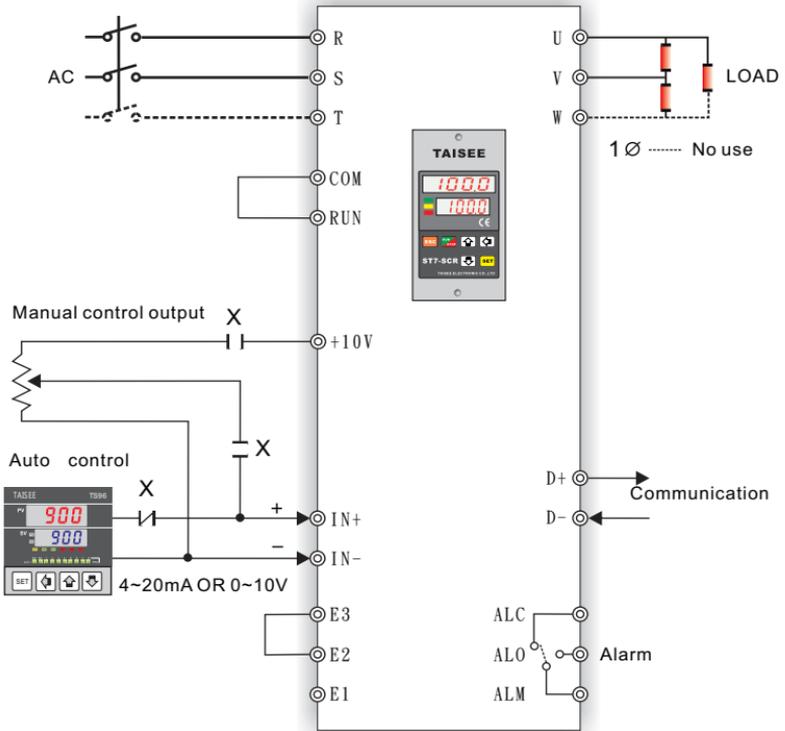
$$3 \varnothing = (80,000/220) * T = 210 / \sqrt{3} = 154A$$

$$(Load/Voltage) * Multiples / \sqrt{3} = Current$$

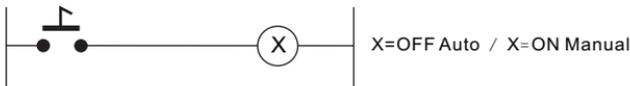
Selected controller amps $(154 * 1.3) = 200A$ corresponds to Model T6-5-4-200P

7-5

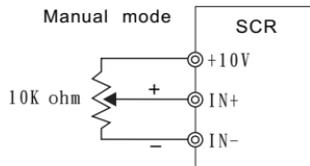
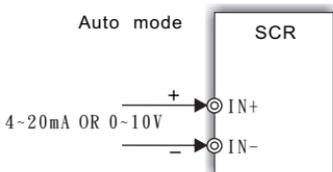
Auto / Manual Switching Control Wiring



Auto / Manual switch control circuit

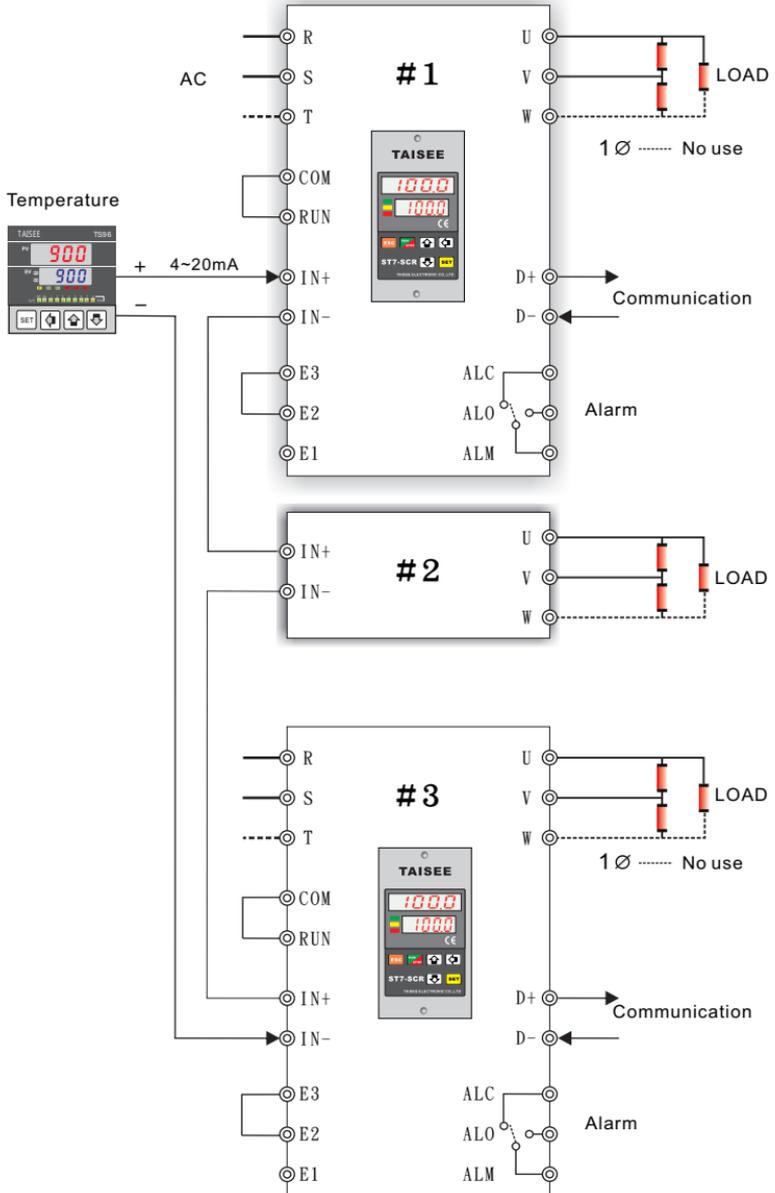


Equivalent circuit



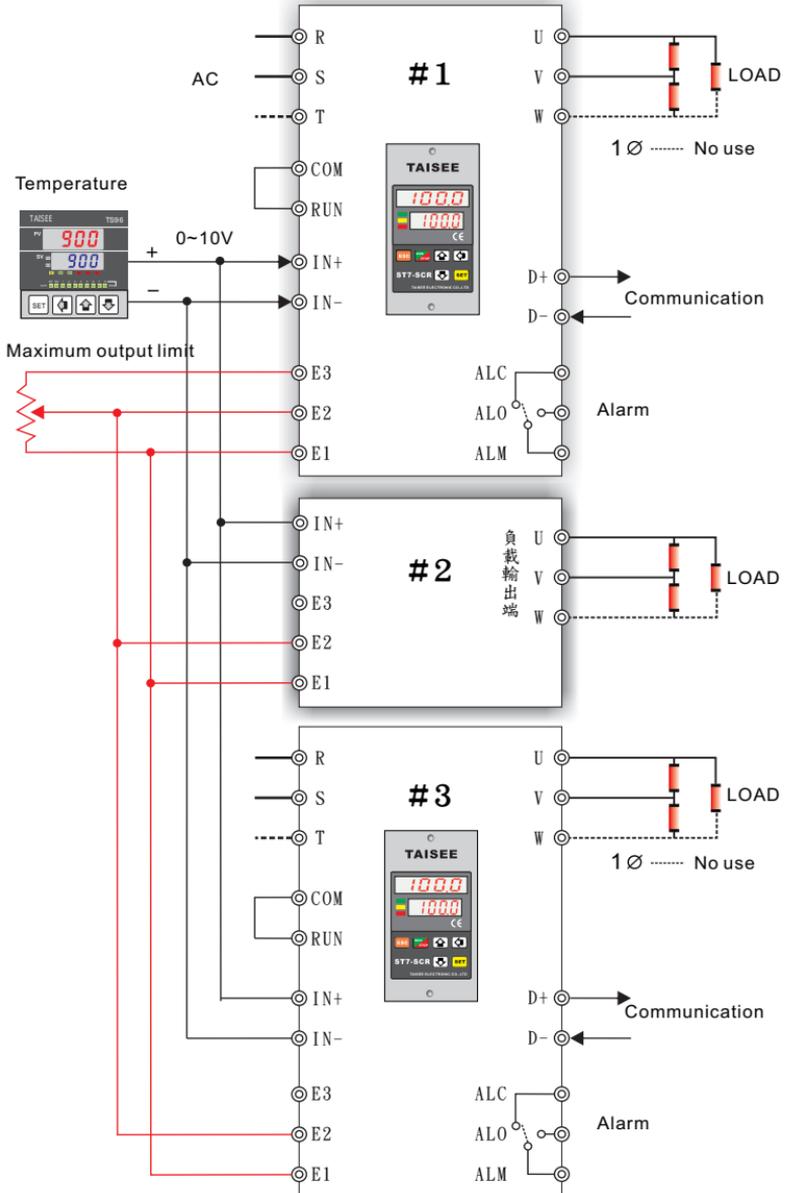
7-7

Temperature 4~20mA control more than one connection - "(external without limiting the maximum output volume) to connect up to 4 units



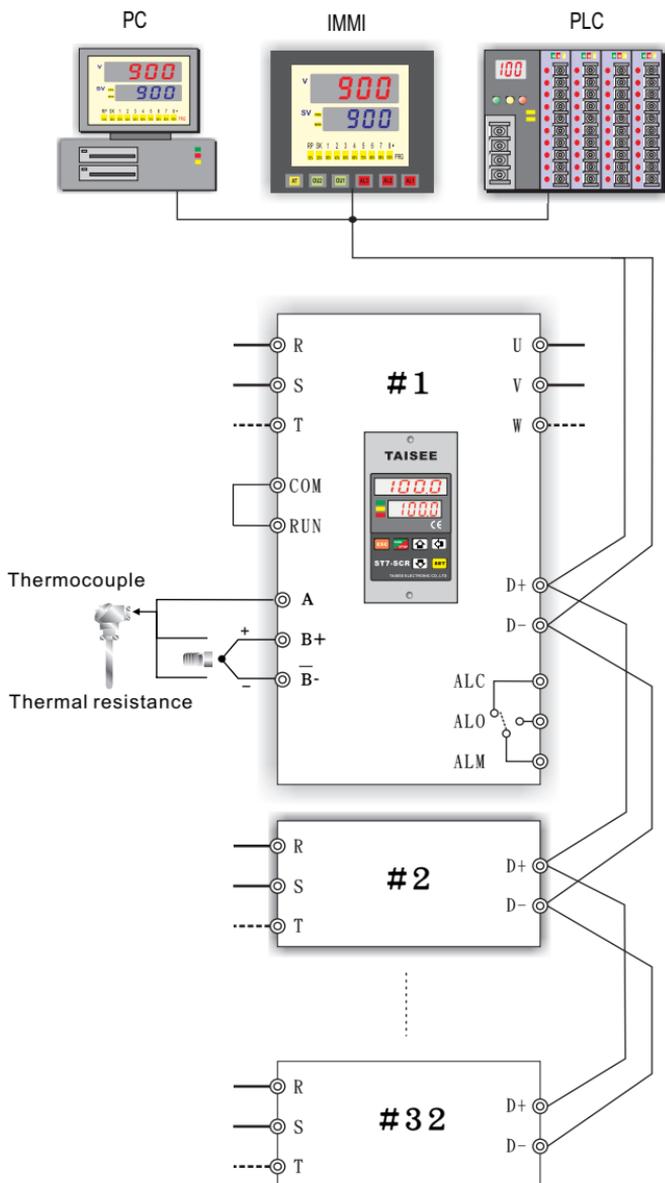
7-7

0~10V thermostat control more than one connection the-
maximum output volume) to connect up to 5 units



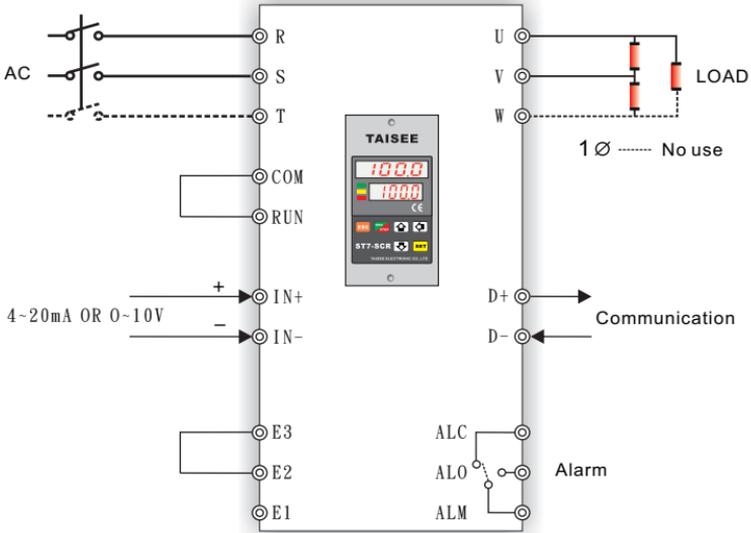
7-8

Modbus RS485 communication control up to 256 sets from 1200M.



8-1 The 8 chapter special control (constant current / voltage)

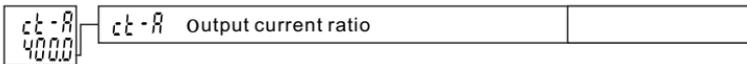
C-Type (constant current models) input analog signal
 "control the current output (automatic constant current)"



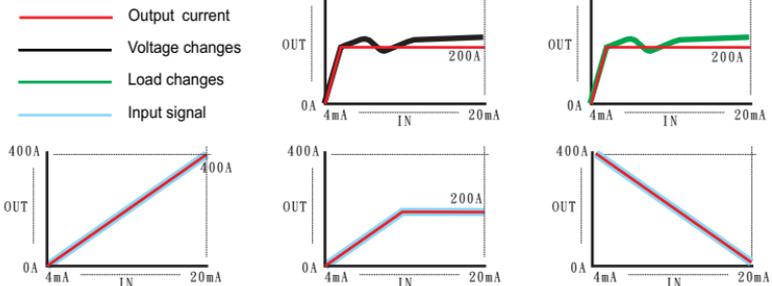
Constant current (set. Note)

1. PC board analog input signal terminals (IN + IN-) give as gifts DC0 ~ 10V. control the output current value : for example, is a model 500A, the largest factory settings

Example 2: the actual load is 400A: set (Class 1) the ct-A output current range is set 400 (IN+ IN-) terminal input DC0~10V, the corresponding 0~400A proportional output

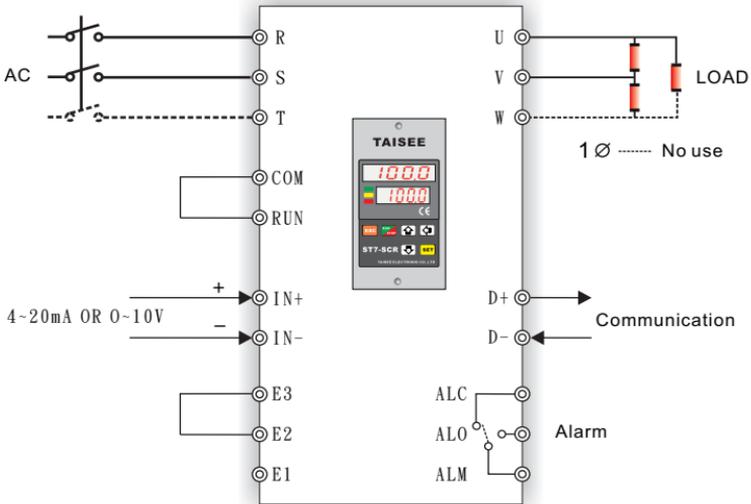


Constant current output waveform



8-2

V-type (fixed-voltage models) input analog signal - "control voltage output (automatic constant voltage)



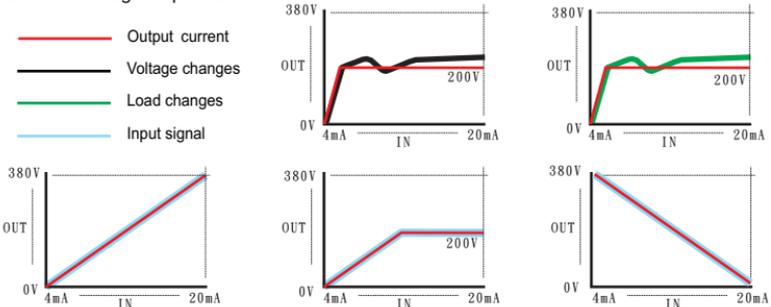
Constant voltage (set. Note)

1. Analog input signal terminals (IN + IN-) give as gifts DC0 ~ 10V. Control the output voltage values: cases of the primary analog input voltage is 380V corresponding to (IN + IN-) terminal input DC0 ~ 10V, corresponding to 0 ~ 380V Output

For example: 2 main voltage 380V: is set to ct-V (Class 1) output voltage range is set 100 (IN+ IN-) terminal input DC0~10V, the corresponding 0~100V proportional output



Constant voltage output waveform

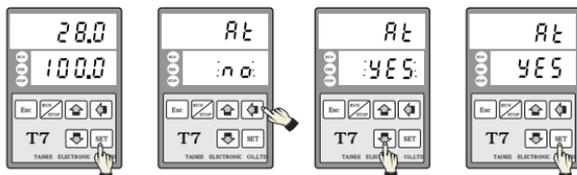


9-2

Directive parameter operation example:



AT (auto tuning) to achieve the best effect of proportional control



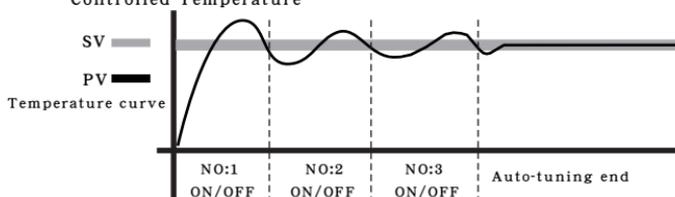
AT (auto-tuning) will get three ON / OFF process.

In the whole process of controller switch-mode setting to complete. Three ON / OFF to complete.

So, the process of speech super-AT is a normal temperature. Auto-tuning to complete. AT lights go out
Controller Hui pants complex ratio of output mode

(Auto-tuning) to enable the controller to select the best

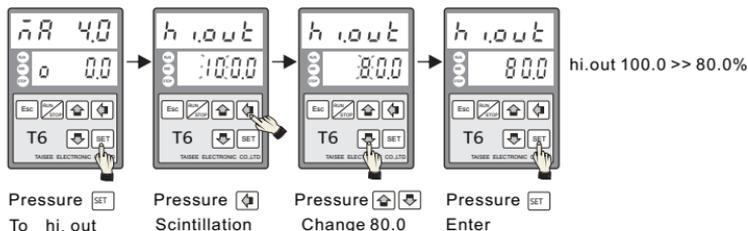
T self-tuning PID values. Achieve precise temperature Control requirements. If the load special. (Auto-tuning) To complete. Temperature fluctuations in a small margin error. Can increase / decrease P value. Can be precisely Controlled Temperature



9-3

Command parameter operations (Example):

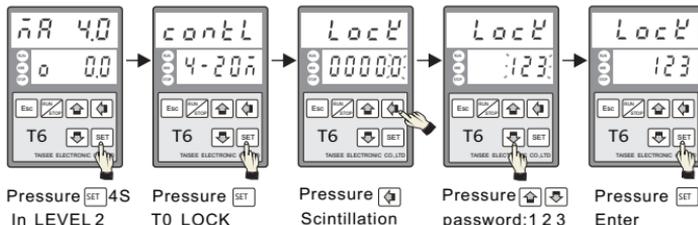
Example 1: Software to set the maximum output is limited to 80%



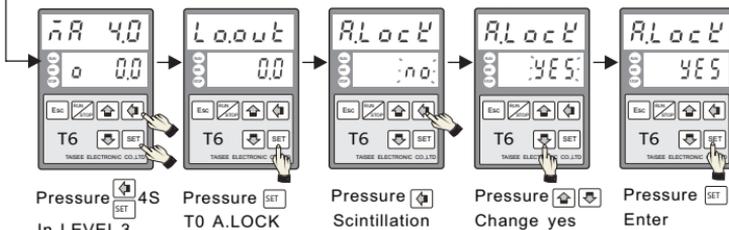
hi.out 100.0 >> 80.0%

★ Each reboot LEVEL 3 (A. LOCK) command to lock automatically. Must be lifted before they can change the class parameter lock: LEVEL 2 LEVEL 3 command parameters Mode cases of the steps

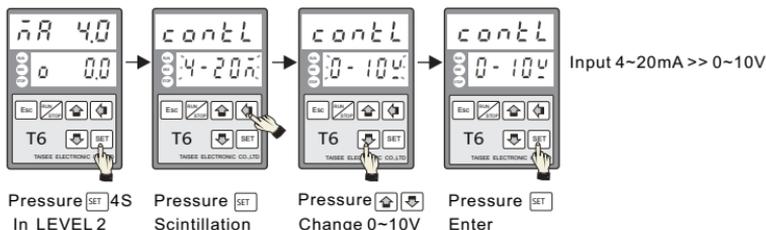
Step 1: Enter Password:



Parameter settings to unlock (LEVEL1 2 may change)



Example 2: 4 ~ 20mA input mode. DC0 ~ 10V input mode changes to step 1 (confirmation LEVEL 3 instruction (A. LOCK) = yes)



Input 4~20mA >> 0~10V

10-1 Chapter 11: Directive parameter list

LEVEL3 P_{Loc} and R_{Loc} = YES The following parameters can be changed

LEVEL1 user layer					
Directive	Explained	Function Description	Setting range & setting mode	Factory	Page
$\tilde{n}\tilde{r}$	$\tilde{n}\tilde{r} = \text{mA}$ $\tilde{y} = \text{V}$ $\tilde{i} = \text{I}$ $\tilde{r} = \text{r}$	Input: $\tilde{n}\tilde{r} - 4\sim 20\text{mA}$ $\tilde{y} - 0\sim 10\text{V}$ $\tilde{i} - \text{Key}$ $\tilde{r} - \text{Modbus}$	Show only. To change the input mode mode. LEVEL2 within contI command from the input mode changes	Show only Model corresponds	22
\tilde{o}	$\tilde{o} = \text{O}$ $\tilde{y} = \text{V}$ $\tilde{r} = \text{A}$	Output: $\tilde{y} - 0\sim 10\text{V}$ $\tilde{r} - \text{Key}$	Show only. To change the input mode mode. LEVEL3 within modE command from the output mode changes	Show only Model corresponds	22
$\tilde{c}\tilde{t}\tilde{-}\tilde{r}$	C.tA	Output current limit	imited / constant current models	Model corresponds	22
$\tilde{t}\tilde{E}\tilde{n}\tilde{P}$	tEmP	Radiator temperature	Temperature exceeds 85°C. Warning	Show only	22
$\tilde{h}\tilde{i}\tilde{.}\tilde{o}\tilde{u}\tilde{t}$	hi.out	Limit the output %	Setting range: 40.0 ~ 100.0 %	100.0	22
LEVEL2 input layer					
$\tilde{c}\tilde{o}\tilde{n}\tilde{t}\tilde{I}$	contL	Input mode selection	Following settings		23
$\tilde{k}\tilde{E}\tilde{Y}$	KEY	Panel to manually set input%	Setting range: 0.0 ~ 100.0 %		
$\tilde{0}\tilde{-}\tilde{2}\tilde{0}\tilde{m}\tilde{A}$	0~20mA	0~20mA	Corresponds to the proportion of output of 0.0 ~ 100.0 %	Model corresponds	23
$\tilde{4}\tilde{-}\tilde{2}\tilde{0}\tilde{m}\tilde{A}$	4~20mA	4~20mA			
$\tilde{0}\tilde{-}\tilde{5}\tilde{V}$	0~5V	DC 0~5V			
$\tilde{1}\tilde{-}\tilde{5}\tilde{V}$	1~5V	DC 1~5V			
$\tilde{0}\tilde{-}\tilde{1}\tilde{0}\tilde{V}$	0~10V	DC 0~10V			
$\tilde{2}\tilde{-}\tilde{1}\tilde{0}\tilde{V}$	2~10V	DC 2~10V			
$\tilde{r}\tilde{S}\tilde{4}\tilde{8}\tilde{5}$	r485	Rs485 communication control			
$\tilde{t}\tilde{s}\tilde{o}\tilde{F}\tilde{t}$	tsoFt	Sdft start-up time	Setting range: 0 ~ 190Sec	5.0	23
$\tilde{t}\tilde{d}\tilde{w}\tilde{o}\tilde{n}$	t.dwon	Soft stop time	Setting range: 0 ~ 30Sec	0.0	23
$\tilde{t}\tilde{d}\tilde{E}\tilde{S}\tilde{P}$	t.dESP	Software Filter Time	The average analog signal detection	3.0	23
$\tilde{L}\tilde{o}\tilde{c}\tilde{k}$	Lock	Password Input	Setting range: 0 ~ 99999	0000	23
$\tilde{c}\tilde{u}\tilde{r}\tilde{r}\tilde{E}$	currE	Load-full load current setting	AT models: load-break test set		23
$\tilde{E}\tilde{r}\tilde{r}\tilde{S}\tilde{c}$	Errsc	set the percentage error	(currE)set the percentage error	85	23

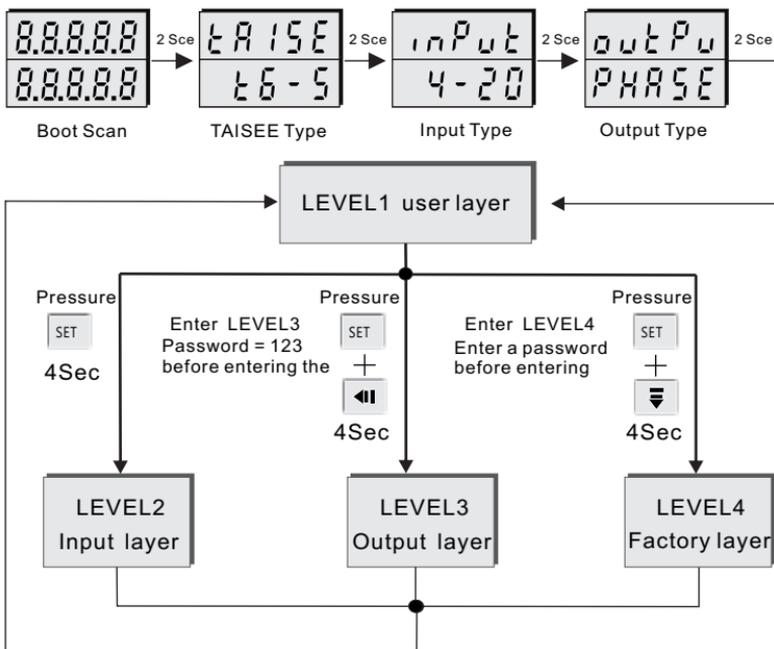
10-2

LEVEL3 P_{Lock} and R_{Lock} = YES The following parameters can be changed

LEVEL3 control layer					
Directive	Explained	Function Description	Setting range & setting mode	Factory	Page
L _{out}	Lo.out	Minimum output% setting	Setting range: 0.0 ~ 40.0 %	0.0	24
m _{odE}	modE	Output mode selection	Following settings		24
Ph _{ASE}	PhASE	Phase (phase-shifting. Tune voltage) model output	Input analog signal corresponding to the proportion of output	Model corresponds	24
P _{Er0}	Zero	Zero bit (cycle power regulator) model output			
P _{ZEr0}	P.ZEr0	Phase starts. Zero model output			
Z _{PhAS}	Z.PhAS	Zero start. Phase model output			
b _{curr}	b.curr	Limit the maximum output current-mode			
A _{curr}	A.curr	Constant-current output mode			
A _{Volt}	A.Volt	Constant voltage output mode			
P _{Lock}	P.Lock	LEVEL1 Parameter Lock	=yes (can change) =no (no change)	yes	
R _{Lock}	A.Lock	LEVEL2,3 parameters lock	=yes (can change) =no (no change)	no	24
t _{Exit}	tExit	Automatically return to the main screen of time	Setting range: 10 ~ 30 seconds	25	24
A _{ddr}	Addr	Communication: Address Set	Setting range: 1 ~ 32	1	24
b _{And}	bAnd	Communication speed	Range: 4800 9600 19200 38400	19200	24
b _{uS}	bAnd	RTU Communication Format	Setting range :8-n-0 8-n-1 8-n-2	19200	24
c _{Pt}	cPt	Detection of current transfer ist	Setting range :50~190 %	19200	24

9-1

The ninth chapter command parameter set an example



Pressure 4 seconds. Or not press a key within 15 seconds back LEVEL1 user layer



Press 4 seconds the value of all the command parameters back to factory

LEVEL Class Parameters

LEVEL 1	1. Temperature control function (PV.SV value and temperature control of various parameters (program) curve set) 2. Set the maximum output%. Current / voltage
LEVEL 2	1. Input setting 0~20mA / 4~20mA / 0~5V / ~5V / 0~10V / 2~10V/KEY 2. Slow start / slow stop. Time settings (load disconnected setting)
LEVEL 3	1. Out-mode change: Zero/phase/constant voltage/current/current limit 2. Parameter lock / unlock. Communication protocol setting
LEVEL 4	Special Features Set: Non-professionals can not enter the

Operation Panel



- PV 1000 Temperature detection value
- SV 1000 Temperature set value
- 1 2 4 8 f0 AT Display output%
0 20 40 60 80 100% Program display
- RUN Start Lights ◀ Move Key
- ERR Error Lights ↑ Increased (up) Key
- STOP Stop Lights ↓ Reduced down Key
- RUN STOP Manual / automatic
- SET Setting Key ESC Error display

Program RUN light

Run NO:1 1 2 4 8 f0 AT	Run NO:2 1 2 4 8 f0 AT	Run NO:3 1 2 4 8 f0 AT
Run NO:5 1 2 4 8 f0 AT	Run NO:8 1 2 4 8 f0 AT	Run NO:16 1 2 4 8 f0 AT

Programs control panel instructions for use

RUN STOP Press 3 seconds (start the program) Paragraph indicator light in the press 3 seconds (program pause) indicator blinks segments

RUN STOP Change (start the program) (program pause)

Starts Mode selection: 5 t A r t =Key STOP Start Stop
h e y =tb Terminal RUN COM (short start. Open Stop)

Press ↓ in ← 2 seconds

Jump to the next program

Press ↩ in ESC 2 seconds

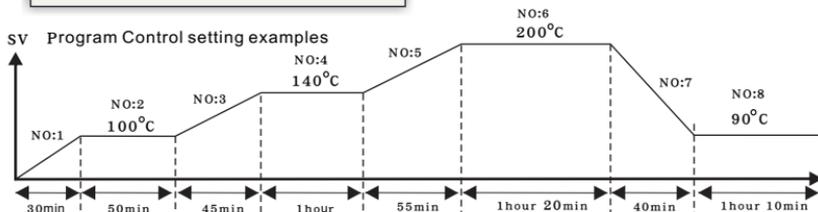
Stop and Clear procedures

Cancel the current program memory segment (PRO)

Press ↑ in ← 2 seconds

Jump to the up program

End of the program PRO lights out PV value: (Show End and current actual temperature) exchange flashing



Program control curve (8 segments. Percentage does not limit each output)

- NO:1(1V-1=100.0 tm=00:30 out=100.0)
- NO:2(1V-2=100.0 tm=00:50 out=100.0)
- NO:3(1V-3=140.0 tm=00:45 out=100.0)
- NO:4(1V-1=140.0 tm=01:00 out=100.0)
- NO:5(1V-2=200.0 tm=00:55 out=100.0)
- NO:6(1V-3=200.0 tm=01:20 out=100.0)
- NO:7(1V-1=90.0 tm=00:40 out=100.0)
- NO:8(1V-2=90.0 tm=01:10 out=100.0)

11-1 User level Chapter 11 Command Parameter Description

SET Press 3 seconds (LEVEL 2) →

LOCK = 123 SET + ◀ Press 3 seconds (LEVEL 3)

LEVEL 1

cont Input mode selection →

Analog signal input mode

rr 00
o 00
TO 31 Page

Temperature Input Mode

1000 2000	PV detection value SV set value	
SET		
At no	AT Auto-tuning YES=Start NO=Stop	Factory no
SET		
AL1 10	AL1 Alarm setting ALd1≠0	Factory 10
SET		
P 3.0	P Output ratio 0.0~200.0 P1=0 OutON/OFF	Factory 3.0
SET		
I 240	I Integration time 0~3700 Sec I=0 Clase	Factory 240
SET		
d 60	D Derivative time 0~900 Sec D=0 Close	Factory 60
SET		
nr -50.0	Output compensation -50~50	SV=PV
SET		
	Output value adjustments	OUT%
SVH1 0	Sv maximum setting limit =0 in (Table 3) factory maximum value Example: setting = 150 (SV value max 150)	Factory 0
SET		
SVL1 0	Sv minimum setting limit =0 in (Table 3) factory minimum value Example: setting = 10 (SV value min 10)	Factory 0
SET		
ALd1 11	ALD1 Alarm mode (0=Close alarm)	Factory 11
SET		

PVOF 0.0	Temperature detection correction Setting range (-200.0~200.0)	Factory 0.0
SET		
PV+V	PV=PV+VOF	
LPVr 0.0	Detection value low slope correction Setting range (-100~100)	Factory 0.0
SET		
HPVr 0.0	Detection value high slope correction Setting range (-100~100)	Factory 0.0
SET		

Multi-stage temperature range -> Output% limit function

SV1 0	NO:1 paragraph of the temperature range setting (0 = off function)	Factory 0
OUT1 100	NO:1 Paragraph Temperature Range Output% limit Setting range (10% to 100%)	Factory 100
SET		
SV2 0	NO:2 paragraph of the temperature range setting (0 = off function)	Factory 0
OUT2 100	NO:2 Paragraph Temperature Range Output% limit Setting range (10% to 100%)	Factory 100
SET		

Example:
(SV1=100 OUT1=30)(SV2=300 OUT2=50)
SV=1000

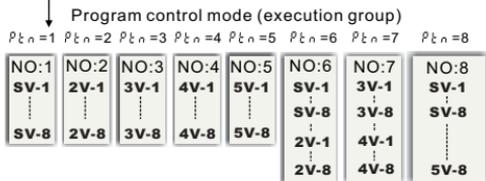
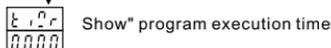
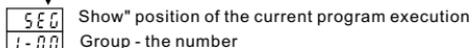
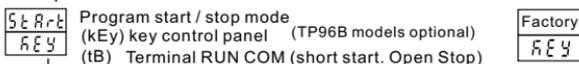
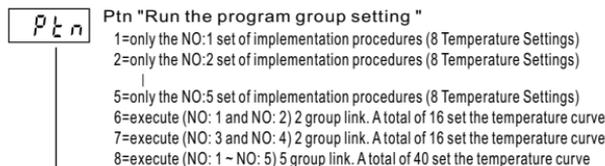
Thermostat mode TO PVOF

Multi-segment. Program. Thermostat mode TO

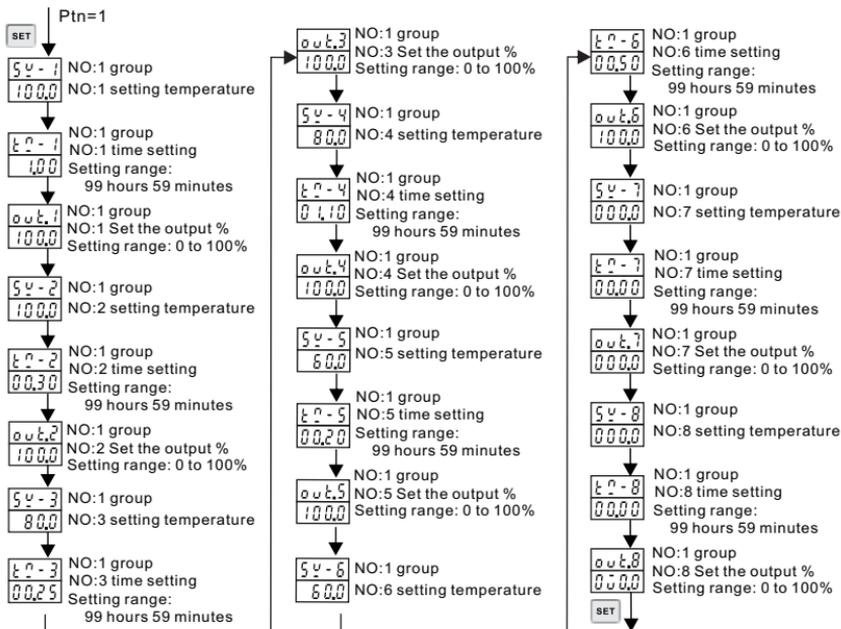
TO 28 Page

Program control group selection
=MAN > Standard Mode

Using examples illustrate the curve

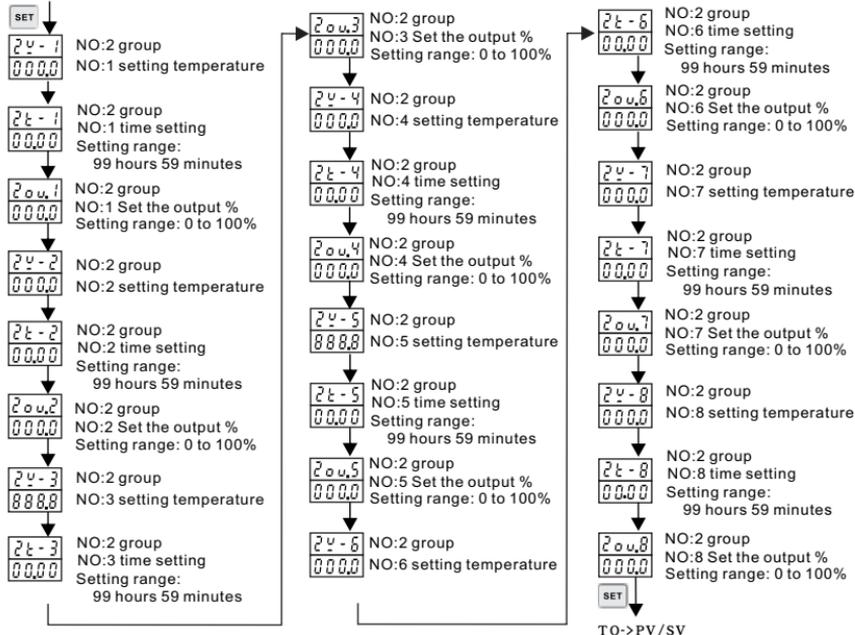
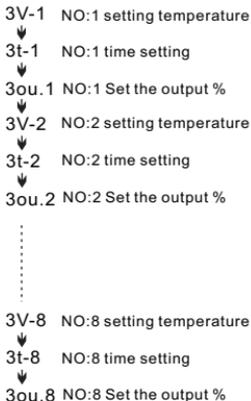
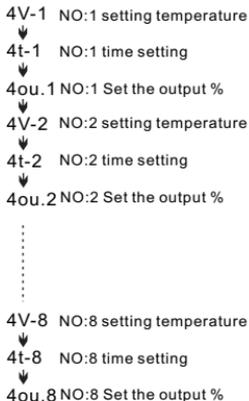
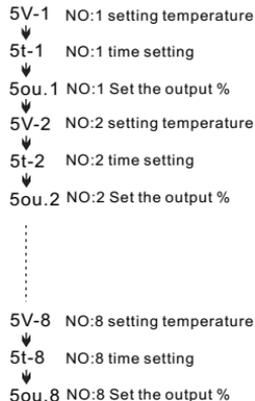


Program temperature curve setting



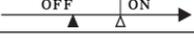
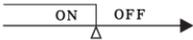
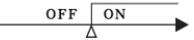
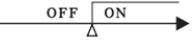
Using examples illustrate the curve

Ptn=2 Operations Group 2 process

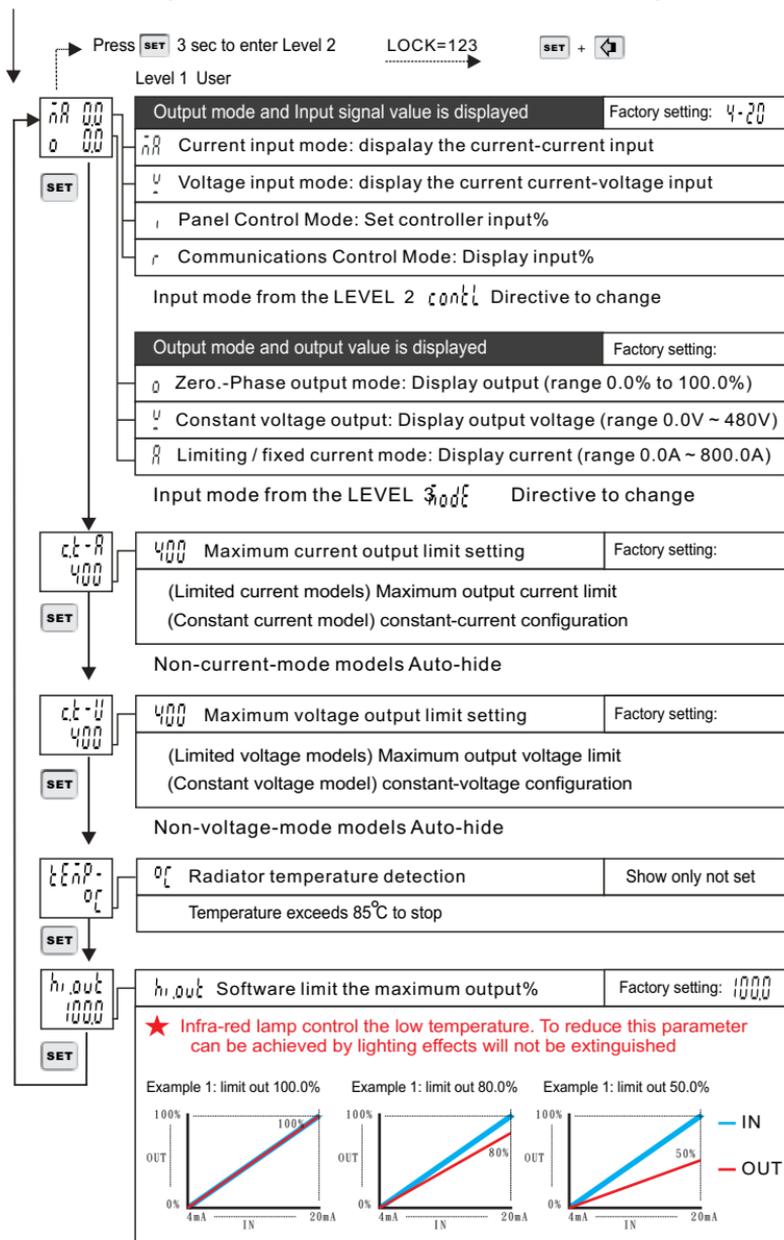
Ptn=3
Operations Group 3 processPtn=4
Operations Group 4 processPtn=5
Operations Group 5 process

ALD1 Table C

Alarm mode setting

0	Not alarm	06	Absolute low alarm (The first no-alarm) 
01	Deviation high alarm (The first no-alarm) 	16	Absolute low alarm 
11	Deviation high alarm 	07	CT-MODE Heating wire break alarm Test current of less than curr. Set value output
02	Deviation low alarm (The first no-alarm) 	17	Programmable alarm start in
12	Deviation low alarm 	18	Programmable pause in the alarm
03	Deviation high and low alarm (The first no-alarm) 	19	NO: 1 alarm output end
13	Deviation high and low alarm 	20	NO: 2 alarm output end
04	Zone Alarm 	21	NO: 3 alarm output end
05	Absolute high alarm (The first no-alarm) 	22	NO: 4 alarm output end
15	Absolute high alarm 	23	NO: 5 alarm output end
		24	End of program alarm output

11-1 Chapter 11 Command Parameter Description



11-2 The eleventh chapter command parameters

LEVEL2 **SET** And 3 seconds into the Level

Input mode selection (software change)		Factory setting: 4-20
KEY	Manual mode by the keyboard control output%	IN Show i
slp	Standby	IN Show -
0-20a	0~20mA current input mode	IN Show 0a
4-20a	4~20mA current input mode	IN Show 4a
0-5v	0~5V voltage input mode	IN Show 0v
1-5v	1~5V voltage input mode	IN Show 1v
0-10v	0~10V voltage input mode	IN Show 0v
2-10v	2~10V voltage input mode	IN Show 2v
r5485	Rs485 Communications Control Mode	IN Show r

(Temp built-in temperature control T models)

Model	Test temperature range	Model	Test temperature range
K	K1 0.0~200.0 C (392.0 F)	K2 0.0~400.0 C (725.0 F)	
	K3 0~600 C (1112 F)	K4 0~800 C (1472 F)	
	K5 0~1000 C (1832 F)	K6 0~1200 C (2192 F)	
	J1 0.0~200.0 C (392.0 F)	J2 0.0~400.0 C (725.0 F)	
	J4 0~600 C (1112 F)	J4 0~800 C (1472 F)	
J	J5 0~1000 C (1832 F)	J6 0~1200 C (2192 F)	
	R1 0~1600 C (2912 F)	R2 0~1769 C (3216 F)	
	S1 0~1669 C (2912 F)	S2 0~1769 C (3216 F)	
	T1 -199.9~400.0 C (999.9 F)	T2 -199.9~200.0 C (999.9 F)	
	B B 0~1800 C (3300 F)		
E E 0~900 C (1472 F)			
RTD	PT1 -199.9~200.0 C (392.0 F)	PT2 -199.9~400.0 C (725.0 F)	
	PT3 -199.9~600.0 C (999.9 F)	PT4 0~200 C (392 F)	
	PT5 0~400 C (725 F)	PT6 0~600 C (1112 F)	

5.0 Soft start time
SET

Example: time=5
 Factory setting: 5.0
 --- Input %
 --- Output %

0.0 Soft stop time
SET

Example: time=5
 Factory setting: 0.0
 --- Input %
 --- Output %

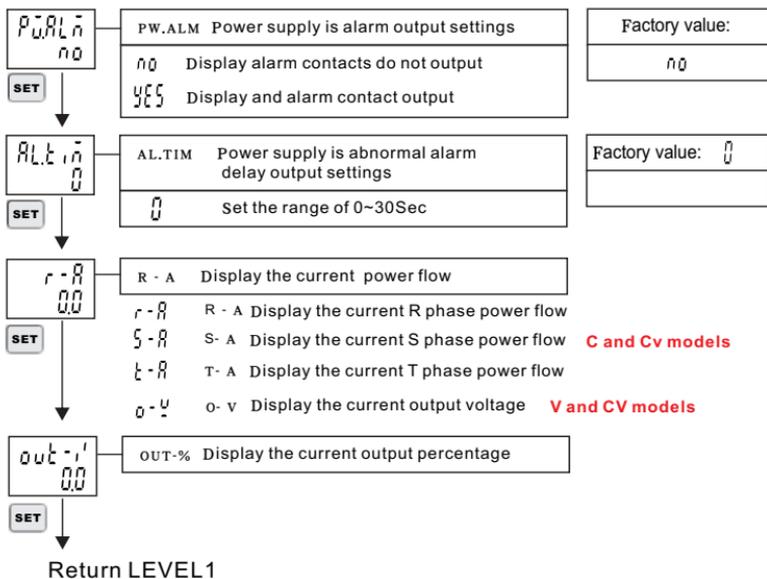
1.0 Reaction time setting range 0 ~ 10.0
SET

(Analog input average) number of the more stable the larger the input
 Factory setting: 3.0

↓ The next

11-1 Chapter 11 Command Parameter Description

Continued



11-2 Chapter 11 Command Parameter Description

Continued LEVEL2 LOCK=123 SET + [] And 3 seconds into the Level

anPEr 300	anPEr Zero correction (minimum output adjustment) (transformer / inductive load must be greater than 500~1200) (general phase output (300~1000) zero output mode 900~1500)	Factory setting: 300
SET		
LoCh 00000	LoCh Password protected settings (class locking) (reboot automatically the password reset)	Factory setting: 00000

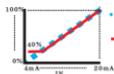
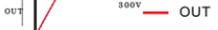
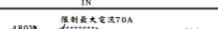
CT C AT CV Mode : Load disconnection detection function set		
RoYEr n0	RoYEr (AT models can be used) = no (function is cancelled) = Yes (function. Start)	Factory setting: n0
Load break detection set (the load current is less than 85% the following warning example):		
CurrE 1	CurrE Maximum load (rated) current setting Example: the three-phase load voltage of 20Kw. 380V Value: $(20000/380) / \sqrt{3} = 30.3$ (An Pei) The CurrE value is set as: 30.3 CurrE=0 cancels this function	Factory setting: 1
ErrSc 85	ErrSc The current error% set Current (actual) detection value. And current setting percentage. Set the load break detection (random detection output in 50%~100%) Example: 20Kw. load voltage 380V 3 phase calculation: $(20000/380) / \sqrt{3} = 30.3$ 1 phase calculation: $(20000/380) = 52.7$ Curre value 3 Phase=30.3 Curre value 1 Phase=52.7 The ErrSc value is set as: 85	Factory setting: 85
LoErr n0	Lo.ERR Load break stop output settings n0 Continue to output YCC Stop output	Factory setting: n0
oPErni' 30	Open% Output over (set%) above the start function 30 (Range 10~50)	Factory setting: 30

CT C AT CV Mode : load short-circuit detection set (random detection output 0%~100%) current control type to take effect		
PERCE 0	PERCE Output load% set 0 Set the range of 0.0~100.0% (set 0 function is cancelled)	Factory setting: 0
ANPER 0	AMPER Output load current setting 0 Set the range of 0.0~800.0A (set 0 function is cancelled)	Factory setting: 0
PERCE ANPER Function set an example as follows: any parameter =0 cancel function PERCE Set to 10 ANPER Set to 30 Interface display (Error OC) (the controller output 10%). Current is more than 30A.		
● Please calculate the load current and the set points. Otherwise the controller may not work properly		

Return LEVEL2

11-3 Chapter 11 Command Parameter Description

LEVEL3 LOCK=123 SET + [Left Arrow] 3 seconds into the Level 3 class 3

L.o.u.t 00	L.o.u.t Set the minimum output range Example: 40%.set the minimum output		Factory setting: 00
SET			
n.o.d.e P.h.a.s.e	Select the output mode		
SET			
P.h.a.s.e	Phase output .waveform output		OUT显示 0
P.e.r.o	Zero output .waveform output		
P.p.e.r.o	Phase start zero output waveform		
P.c.u.r.r	Zero output current limit		
b.c.u.r.r	Limiting current output control		Mode C CT AT CV
b.c.u.r.r			
R.c.u.r.r	Constant current output		
A.c.u.r.r			
b.v.o.l.t	Output voltage limit		V CV
b.v.o.l.t	Limit the max output voltage		
R.v.o.l.t	Constant voltage output		
A.v.o.l.t			
C.c.u.r.r	Limited voltage		CV
C.c.u.r.r	Constant current		
C.v.o.l.t	Constant voltage		
C.v.o.l.t	Limited current		
b.c.v	Limited voltage		C CT AT CV
b.c.v	Limited current		
b-k.w	Limited Kw output control		
b-k.w			
R-k.w	Constant Kw output control		f
A-k.w			
V.o.l.t.A 380	The main power supply voltage setting	380	
SET	Output mode = (Kw only)		
The next			

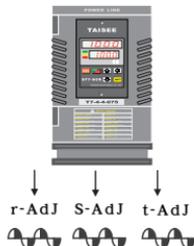
11-3 Chapter 11 Command Parameter Description

Continued

LOCK=123 [SET] + [←] 3 seconds into the Level 3 class 3

PLock YES	YES =Unlock n0 =Lock Factory setting: YES	
SET	YES LEVEL1 Parameters can be modified to unlock n0 LEVEL1 Parameter locked for editing	
ALock YES	Power outage or reboot (auto lock) Factory setting: n0	
SET	YES (LEVEL2,3) Parameters can be modified to unlock nn (LEVEL2,3) Parameter locked for editing	
Addr 1	Addr Communication station number setting 1 ~ 32 Factory setting: 1	
SET		
bAnd 19200	bAnd Transmission speed Factory setting: 19200	
SET	setting range: 4800 9600 19200 38400	
bvS 0-n-2	bvS Communication data format: Factory setting: 0-n-2	
SET	RTU 8-N-0 8-N-1 8-N-2	
cPt 100	cPt (display current) correction Factory setting: 100	
SET	* (CT Current Limit. C constant current) models: setting range of 50 ~ 200% of the formula: (test current) * (corrected set value) / 100	
cPV 100	cPV (display voltage) correction Factory setting: 100	
SET	V and CV models: Formula: (detection voltage) * (calibration set value) / 100	
inSEt 100	inSEt (input signal amplification) correction Factory setting: 100	
SET	Scope: 1.00~2.00 formula (detection signal) * (calibration set value)	
PEr0 n0	PEr0 no= not the zero line YES= connecting zero line Factory setting: n0	
SET	3 phase models of the.Y connection center connecting zero line set	
r-Adj 100.0	r-Adj Phase R output% Factory: 100.0	3 phase independent output% trimming function. Completely solved because of the unbalance three-phase load
SET	Set the range of 0.0%~100.0%	
S-Adj 100.0	S-Adj Phase S output% Factory: 100.0	
SET	Set the range of 0.0%~100.0%	
t-Adj 100.0	t-Adj Phase T output% Factory: 100.0	
SET	Set the range of 0.0%~100.0%	

The next



11-3 The 11 chapter temperature control command parameters

Continued

LOCK=123 SET + 3 seconds into the Level 3 class 3

Control parameters of temperature program

WNOUT Control mode: Factory setting:
 HEAT (HEAT)Heating (COOL)cooling HEAT

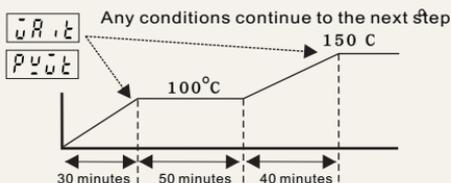
Pgn Multi stage program function Factory setting:
 ON=Open the program function on
 OFF=Closed multiple program function

STAT Program Startup mode Factory setting:
 CoLd Manual start (start) CoLd
 rEST Open immediately start
 Hot Memory at startup (during power failure memory)

CVT Program control repeat number set Factory setting:
 Set the range of 1~10 1

The next step program condition

PVWT The SV value in the range of PV value and temperature error Factory setting:
 Set the range of 0~10°C 5



WAIT Program temperature waiting time to the next step. Factory setting:
 Set the range of 0~200 minutes =0 function cancel function 2

PVST Program start temperature starting point Factory setting:
 PV= to PV value SV= to SV values PV

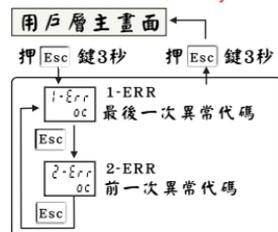
SAVE At present, the program execution section power-off memory
 NO= cut clear memory
 YES= power failure memory currently executing section number

Return LEVEL3

Chapter 12: Alarm Descriptions and treatment methods

Abnormal display	Cause of the malfunction	Approach and improvement	
ERROR R-OL	R-phase load current exception Error ALP setting	AT models feature	Check the R-phase load hot wire. Whether the abnormal current caused by burning
ERROR S-OL	S-phase load current exception Error ALP setting	AT models feature	Check the S-phase load hot wire. Whether the abnormal current caused by burning
ERROR T-OL	T-phase load current exception Error ALP setting	AT models feature	Check the T-phase load hot wire. Whether the abnormal current caused by burning
ERROR POWER	No main power		1. Check the RST three-phase power supply is normal 2. Check whether the burning fuse within SCR
ERROR R-PH	Main power. R-phase NO power		1. Check whether the lack of R-phase power phase 2. Check the internal R-phase SCR whether the burning fuse
ERROR S-PH	Main power. S-phase NO power		1. Check whether the lack of S-phase power phase 2. Check the internal R-phase SCR whether the burning fuse
ERROR T-PH	Main power. T-phase NO power		1. Check whether the lack of T-phase power phase 2. Check the internal R-phase SCR whether the burning fuse
ERROR TEMP	Radiator overheating		1. Pressure Check SCR internal working temperature be greater than 85°C, when when over 85°C to stop the output when the SCR 2. Pressure Test fans
ERROR OE	Load ground (leakage)	AT models feature	1. The load has to touch Case 2. Check whether there is ground heating wire inside the phenomenon of
ERROR OL	(Can not turn off) SCR internal fault	AT models feature	1. Non-full-wave control models. Load caused by the zero line then 2. Check whether there are short-circuit SCR phenomenon of internal modules
ERROR LOAD	(Load disconnected) or the load is less than 0.6A	AT models feature	1. The output load is not received 2. Check the SCR output load is normal
ERROR OC	(Over current) Load Overload	AT models feature	1. Load KW number is greater than the amount of SCR Amp 2. Check whether the SCR output load short-circuit phenomenon
	溫度訊號錯誤		IN1E 輸入訊號錯誤(開路,極性反接)
	溫度訊號過高		UUU1 輸入訊號(大於USPL) 無感溫線,或是型號不符
	溫度訊號過低		NNN1 輸入訊號(小於LSPL) 感溫線 + - 極性接錯

Abnormal alarm history data query

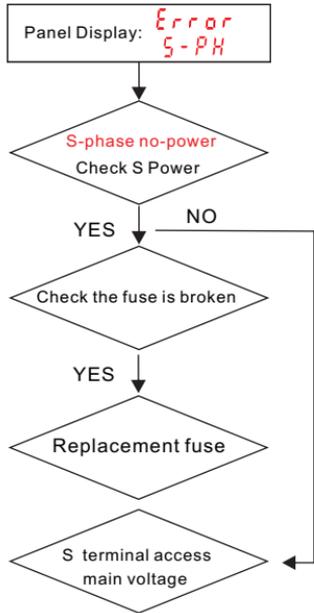
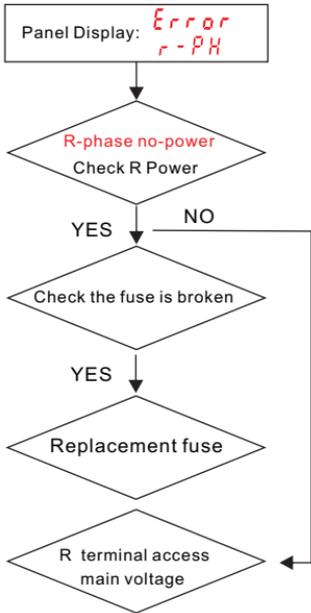
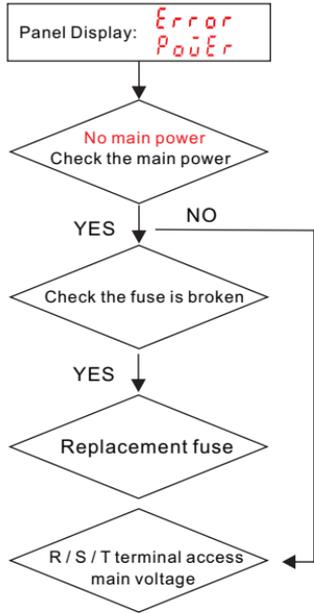
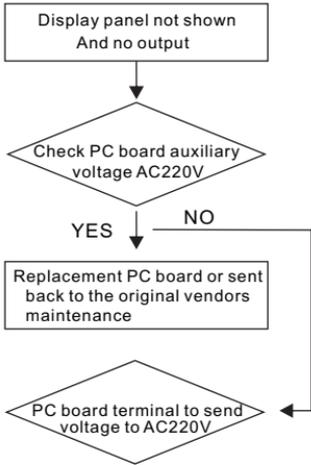


清除異常記憶代碼

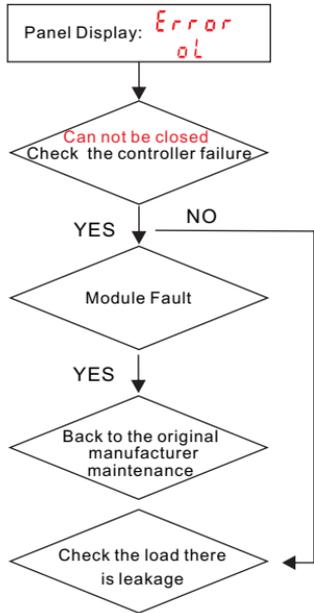
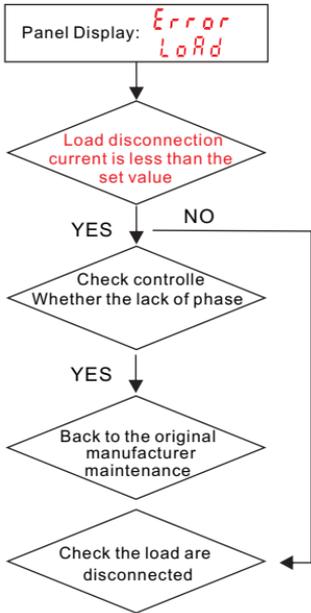
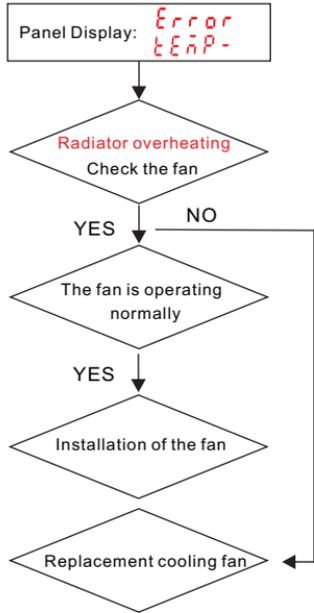
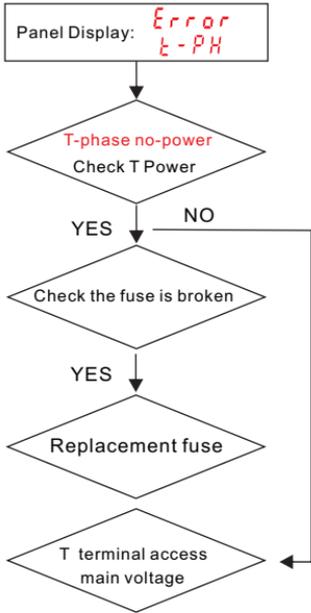
押 [Esc] + 鍵3秒清除記憶

● 電源異常不在記憶代碼範圍

12-2



12-3



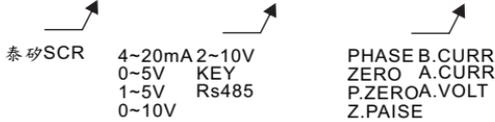
Chapter 13: Load Test

1. PC board auxiliary voltage

- T6-SCR auxiliary voltage range AC200 ~ 240V (input terminal ~ 220 ~ 220)

2. SCR type scanning

- Boot scan (show TAISEE SC -> Input = 4 ~ 20mA->Output = PHASE



3. Load test

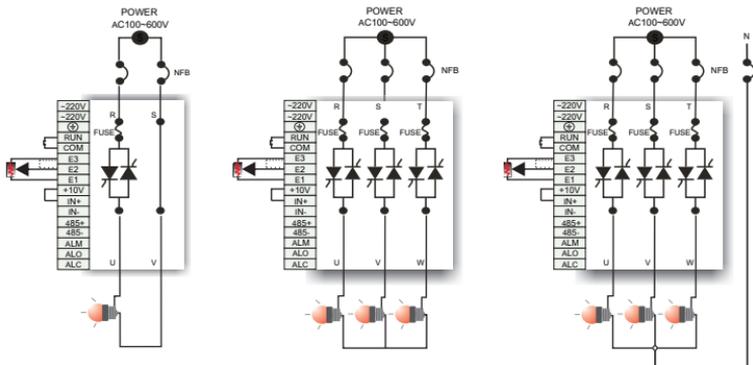
- Load U / V / W terminal to take the load. For example, hot wire and other bulbs. Failure to take direct measurements of the load. There will be induced voltage generated
- Testing methods 1: To +10 V with the IN + terminal short-circuit. COM Short E3 E2 E1 and RUN then 10K potentiometer. Output from 0 to 100.0% for change (lamp shade a smooth change in brightness.-Phase output models) (light bulb flashes change. Zero-bit output models) the load must be 60W light bulb above (input mode setting: 0 ~ 10V) to potentiometer clockwise rotation. 0.0V ~ 10.0V input display changes. output shows 0.0 ~ 100.0% change
- Testing methods 2. Keyboard directly to set the output: the input mode is set manually to adjust the output% KEY

Setting



LED instructed light ● RUN light starts ● ERR light alarm ● STOP light stop

(Phase output models) smooth changes in light bulb brightness of light and shade
(Zero-bit output models) changes in the output light bulb flashes.



14-1 Chapter 14: Communications

Data Address:

Definition	Parameter Address	R / W	Function Description		
Output value	000H	R/W	Output 0~100%		
Current limit	001H	R/W	limit-Current type		
Current Setting Voltage Setting	002H	R/W	Constant-current type Constant-voltage type		
Output ON / OFF	003H	R/W	Output ON / OFF status		
The above control method must be a way to write Rs485			Bit0	0=Start 1=Stop	
			Bit1~15		
Max output %	004H	R	Maximum output adjustment		
Min Output %	005H	R	Minimum output adjustment		
Soft time up	006H	R	Slow increase in output		
Soft time down	007H	R	Slowly reduce the output		
Signal reaction	008H	R	Signal averaged over a sampling		
Input mode	009H	R	01H	KEY	Key   control output
			02H	DIP	
			03H	0~20mA	Analog signal control output
			04H	4~20mA	Analog signal control output
			05H	0~5V	Analog signal control output
			06H	1~5V	Analog signal control output
			07H	0~10V	Analog signal control output
			08H	2~10V	Analog signal control output
			09H	Rs485	Communication control
			Input values	00AH	R
Output values	00BH	R	Output%		
Temperature	00CH	R	Radiator Temperature		
Exception Alarm	00DH	R	Bit0	1=no main power 0=Normal	
			Bit1	1=R-phase no power 0=Normal	
			Bit2	1=S-phase no power 0=Normal	
			Bit3	1=T-phase no power 0=Normal	
			Bit4	1=over-Temperature 0=Normal	
			Bit5	1=Temperature fault 0=Normal	
			Bit6	1=over-current 0=Normal	
			Bit7	1=Load Break 0=Normal	
			Bit8	1=load short 0=Normal	
			Bit9~15		
Output (A, V)	00EH	R	Output (voltage, Current) value		

14-1 The 14 chapter communication protocol

Data address

Defined	address	Read Write	Function description	
Phase R current	014H	R	A phase R output current	CT/C/AT Mode
Phase S current	015H	R	A phase S output current	
Phase T current	016H	R	A phase T output current	

Temperature control function parameters

Defined	address	Read Write	Function description
Pv	023H	R	The temperature detection value
Sv	024H	R/W	Temperature setting value
OUT	025H	R/W	Output %
AT	026H	R/W	Auto tuning Bit0 =1 Start =0 Stop
AL1	027H	R/W	The alarm value setting
P	028H	R/W	Output proportional band
I	029H	R/W	The integral time
D	02AH	R/W	The Differential time
ATVL	02BH	R/W	Auto tuning offset value
SVHI	02DH	R/W	The SV value maximum setting value limit
ALd1	02EH	R/W	Alarm function mode

01H	Deviation high alarm (first time not alarm)	07H	Zone alarm
02H	Deviation high alarm	08H	The absolute high alarm (first time not alarm)
03H	Deviation low alarm (first time not alarm)	09H	The absolute high alarm
04H	Deviation low alarm	10H	The absolute low alarm (first time not alarm)
05H	Deviation high and low alarm (first time not alarm)	11H	The absolute low alarm
06H	Deviation high and low alarm	00H	Not alarm

PVOF	02CH	R/W	Detection error correction	
L.PVR	02FH	R/W	Detection of low slope correction value	
H.PVR	030H	R/W	Detection of hi high slope correction value	
ERROR	031H	R	Temperature function abnormality alarm	
0000	The temperature sensing signal error (open. Reverse polarity)		Bit0	=1 Error
0001	Lower than the temperature sensing type low		Bit1	=1 Error
0011	higher than the temperature sensing type high		Bit2	=1 Error

14-2

Modbus Format and means of communication

Communication mode: Rs485 Communication speed: 4800/9600/19200/38400 bps

Communications format: (11-bit characters) Character structure: (8-bit data)

<8: N: 2:> 8-bit data, a single parity bit, 2 stop bit.



<8: E: 1:> 8-bit data, a single parity bit, 1 stop bit.



<8: 0: 1:> 8-bit data, double-parity bit, 1 stop bit.



Communications data structure:

Start	Still time for more than 10ms
ADR	Address :8-bit address
CMD	Instruction: 8-bit address
DATA (n-1)	Data content
.....	n X 8-bit data, n<=25
DATA0	
CRC CHK Low	CRC error detection code
CRC CHK High	16-bit detection code by (2 8-bit) characters
END	

Read Format: reading is output 0BH

RTU command message

0	ADR		01H
1	CMD		03H
2		MSB	00H
3	Data Address	LSB	0BH
4	Data length	MSB	00H
5	WORD	LSB	01H
6		LSB	F5H
7	CRC checksums	MSB	C8H

RTU to respond to messages

0	ADR		01H
1	CMD		03H
	Data Length		
2	byte	LSB	02H
3	Add Content	MSB	03H
4		LSB	E8H
5		LSB	E4H
6	CRC checksums	MSB	B4H

Write Format: write controller input and output volume. 00H

RTU command message

0	ADR		01H
1	CMD		06H
2		MSB	00H
3	Data Address	LSB	00H
4		MSB	02H
5	Data content	LSB	BCH
6		LSB	89H
7	CRC checksums	MSB	1BH

RTU to respond to messages

0	ADR		01H
1	CMD		06H
2		MSB	00H
3	Data Address	LSB	00H
4		MSB	02H
5	Data length	LSB	BCH
6		LSB	89H
7	CRC checksums	MSB	1BH

14-3

CRC checksums

CRC checksums

RTU mode with CRC (Cyclical Redundancy Check) error detection,
CRC debug calculated by the following steps:

Step 1: Load a content FFFFH of the 16-bit register
(called CRC send register)

Step 2: The first byte instruction message and send 16-BIT CRC registers
low yuan to Exclusive OR operation, and the results stored back
in CRC register

Step 3: The CRC register content to the right 1bit, populate the left-most 0
check the CRC registers the lowest value of

Step 4: If the CRC registers the lowest value of 0, then repeat step 3;
otherwise CRC register A001H for Exclusive Or operation

Step 5: repeat Step 3 and Step 4; until the CRC register contents have
been shifted to the left of the 8-bit, the byte has completed
processing

Step 6: The one-byte instruction messages can repeat steps 2 through 5;
until all bytes of all the processing is completed. CRC register is
the CRC value of the contents of that, passing instruction must
be high or low byte CRC exchange order, which is a low-bytes
of the first to be transmitted

Calculated CRC value Example: (using the C language of the CRC
calculation example)

Namely, the function requires two parameters:

Unsigned char * data; the pointer to point to the message buffer

Unsigned char lenght; the number of bytes in the message buffer

The function will return Unsigned integer; types of CRC values

Unsigned integer CRC_check(unsigned char* data,unsigned char lenght)

```

{
  Int x;
  Unsigned int reg_crc=0XFFFF
  While(lenght--)
  {
    reg_crc^=*data++;
    fox(x=0;<8;x++)
    {
      If(reg_crc&0x01) //LSB(b0)=1
      {reg_crc=(reg_crc>>1)^0xa001;}
      else
      {reg_crc=reg_crc>>1; }
    }
  }
  return reg_crc;
}

```

Communications Test Program

PC communications program example: (The following is a simple simple communications program, PC with SCR communication with C language example)

Modbus RTU communication of program

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<dos.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<process.h>
#define THR 0X0000
#define RDR 0X0000
#define BRDL 0X0000
#define IER 0X0001
#define BRDH 0X0001
#define LCR 0X0003
#define MCR 0X0004
#define LSR 0X0005
#define MSR 0X0006
Unsigned read_data[100];
Unsigned read_data[10]={0x01,0x03,0x00,0x0B,0x00,0x01,0xF5,0xC8};
{
    int i;
    Outputb(PORT+MCR,0x08);/*interrupt enable */
    Outputb(PORT+IER,0x01);/*interrupt as data in */
    Outputb(PORT+LCR,(inportb(PORT+LCR))0x80));
        /* the Baudrata can be access as LCR.B7==1 */
    Outputb(PORT+BRDL,12);/*set baudrate =9600, 12=115200/9600*/
    Outputb(PORT+BRDH,0x00);
    Outputb(PORT+LCR,0x07);/*<8,N,2>=0x07,<8,E,1>=0x1B,<8,0,1>=0x0B*/
    for(i=0;i<8;i++)
    {
        While(!inportb(PORT+LSR)&0x20);/*wait until THR empty*/
        Outputb(PORT+THR,send_data[i]); /*send data to THR*/
    }
    i=0
    While(!kbhit())
    {
        If(inportb(PORT+LSR)&0x01) /*b0==1,read data ready*/
        {
            read_data[i++]=inportb(PORT+RDR);read data form RDR*/
        }
    }
}
```

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